

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Wood dust is a strong to severe explosion hazard if a dust "cloud" contacts an ignition source.

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SECTION V - PHYSICAL HAZARDS (REACTIVITY DATA)

STABILITY: Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: N/A

INCOMPATIBILITY: Strong acids, bases, oxidizing agents and drying oils.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Aldehydes, ammonia, normal products of wood combustion.

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SECTION IV - HEALTH HAZARDS

FORMALDEHYDE VAPOR: Formaldehyde has been listed as a carcinogen or probable carcinogen by IARC, NTP, OSHA and EPA.

Eyes: May cause burns, reddening and weeping.

Inhalation: May cause coughing and burning sensation. May result in bronchitis, laryngitis and pulmonary edema.

Ingestion: May cause burning sensation to mucous membrane, nausea, dizziness and convulsions.

Skin: May cause redness, dryness, cracking and, in sensitive people, dermatitis.

First Aid: Treat as an emergency - never give anything to an unconscious person.

Eyes: Irrigate with a gentle stream of water, for at least fifteen minutes. Secure medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove patient to fresh air, keep warm and quiet, use oxygen if indicated. Secure medical attention.

Ingestion: If conscious, administer large quantities of water, induce vomiting. After vomiting, administer large quantities of water again. Secure medical attention immediately. If unconscious or in convulsions, secure transportation to a hospital immediately.

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing, flush contaminated skin with water and wash with mild soap and warm water.

WOOD DUST:

Skin & Eye Contact: Wood dust can cause eye irritation. Various species of wood dust can elicit allergic contact dermatitis in sensitized individuals.

Ingestion: Not applicable.

Skin Absorption: Not known to occur.

Inhalation: May cause nasal dryness, irritation and obstruction. Coughing,